

Output indicators of statistical action “Service provision and quality management of the ECB Register of Institutions and Affiliates Database (RIAD)”

Methodology and classifications:

- GUIDELINE OF THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK of 4 April 2014 on monetary and financial statistics (recast) (ECB/2014/15)
- GUIDELINE (EU) 2015/571 OF THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK of 6 November 2014 amending Guideline ECB/2014/15 on monetary and financial statistics (ECB/2014/43)
- GUIDELINE (EU) 2016/450 OF THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK of 4 December 2015 amending Guideline ECB/2014/15 on monetary and financial statistics (ECB/2015/44)

Pursuant to the guideline of the European Central Bank on monetary and financial statistics, national central banks have to ensure that data in the Register of Institutions and Affiliates Database (RIAD) is up to date. RIAD is a central database that includes indicators on institutional units and various types of connections between these units.

The Statistics Department manages the following groups of institutional units:

- monetary financial institutions
- investment funds
- insurers
- payment institutions

Indicators managed in the register are divided into four:

Quantitative variable	Classifiable variables	Number of variable values
Identification indicators	ID codes	4
	Other data (ID codes) and references to other registers	2
	Address data	4
	Legal form	1
	Data on supervision	1
	Listed/not listed	1
	Licence	1
Stratification indicators	NACE code	1
	Size of subject	2
	Geographical location	1
	Institutional sector	3
Demographic data	Date of establishing and closing a business	2
	Activity definition	1
	Corporate events	1
Connections between units	Organisational connections within units	1
	Connections between legal units that make up a group of companies	2
	Other connections	2